

INDUSTRY COOPERATION TRUST FUND OF NEW ENGLAND

Rules and Procedures for Enforcement of Employers' Reporting and Payment Obligations Effective for Delinquencies Arising With Respect to Contribution Periods Beginning on or After July 1, 2017

Introduction

The Board of Trustees of the Fund has a fiduciary obligation to collect all money that is due and owing to the Fund. That obligation requires that they establish a system for monitoring employers' compliance with their obligations to make contributions to the Fund and under which the Fund's administrators and legal counsel will take all legally appropriate and cost-effective steps to collect delinquent contributions.

In compliance with the applicable principles governing collection, the Board of Trustees of the Fund has adopted the following rules and procedures regarding the enforcement of employers' reporting and remittance obligations to the Fund:

I. When Contributions are due.

- A. **Contributions.** Must be remitted electronically on or before the 20th calendar day of each month for payroll periods ending in the preceding month.
- B. **When a Contribution is "Received" by the Fund.** A contribution is received by the Fund only if the money is transmitted electronically on or before 7:00 p.m. on the specified date. If the specified date falls on a weekend or holiday, the contribution is received only if the money is transmitted electronically on or before 7:00 p.m. on the last business day before the specified date.

II. Definition of a delinquency.

When the term "delinquency" is used in this Delinquency Collection Program, it includes all of the following:

- A. Late payment of contributions, i.e., remittance after the due dates defined in I;
- B. Payment of only a portion of the amount that is owed to the Fund (which includes a "discrepancy" as described in V.A.2);
- C. A rejected ACH or other Fund transfer request;
- D. Failure to report status changes with respect to employees who have been terminated, suspended or otherwise have had their status changed to one in which the employer is not obligated to contribute. In the event that an employer does not provide the Funds with the requisite notice within 20 days of such status change, the Funds will charge the employer Training contributions from the time of status change until such notice is provided. This is a confirmation of existing policy. For employers that contribute at an hourly rate, the Funds will charge the hourly rate times the minimum number of hours set forth in their collective bargaining or participation agreements necessary to qualify for the benefit in question.

III. Consequences of delinquency.

Interest will accrue on contributions that are not paid by the due date.

A. Interest.

1. The interest rate is 9% per year, subject to review and adjustment by the trustees at any time that the trustees determine that the rate is no longer appropriate in light of prevailing interest rates, or other relevant factors.
2. Interest will be calculated beginning on the 21st day of the month for payroll periods ending in the preceding month.
3. One month's interest will be charged for each month or part of a month that the delinquency continues, i.e., a full month's interest will be charged on the beginning date specified in **A.2** (whichever is applicable) and an additional month's interest will be charged for each following month or part of a month thereafter on any part of the delinquency that remains outstanding.
4. Interest is calculated only on the principal amount due, and no interest shall accrue on interest.

B. Liquidated Damages. The rate of liquidated damages is 20% of total principal due, unless the delinquency is resolved without the need for arbitration or litigation.

C. Other costs of collection. As provided by the collective bargaining agreements, an employer that fails to pay required contributions on time or fails to make proper and timely remittance reports may be required to pay all of the Fund's expenses of collection or enforcement, including arbitration costs, court costs, and attorney's fees, in addition to the interest and liquidated damages provided in **A** and **B**.

IV. Compliance Audit Program

A. Types of audits. The Fund's compliance audit program will include two components: regular audits performed of selected employers to confirm that the employers are making accurate reports and remitting all amounts required by their collective bargaining agreements; and audits performed for cause (e.g., in aid of enforcement proceedings).

B. Employers' duty to cooperate with auditor. Employers are required, pursuant to the Trust Agreements and their collective bargaining agreements, to cooperate with the Fund's auditor by promptly providing all records that are requested to permit the auditors to make a determination regarding the accuracy, completeness and timeliness of the employer's reports and remittances to the Fund.

C. Audit Corrections. The Fund shall establish a uniform, non-discriminatory procedure for reviewing employers' challenges to audit findings and for reducing the amounts claimed in audit findings on grounds of error.

D. Interest. In all cases, interest will be charged beginning as of the original due date of each delinquency found on audit as specified in **III.A**.

V. Demands for Payment. The Fund shall maintain a system to monitor employer contributions and identify delinquencies as soon as administratively practicable. The following steps will be taken when any delinquency has been identified.

- A. Failure to provide timely or full remittances.**
1. If the Fund fails to receive a remittance by the dates provided in **I**, the Fund will send a written or electronic notice of delinquency and demand to the employer. This demand will advise the employer that interest is accruing as provided in **III**, will advise the employer of the amount of interest if the Fund has sufficient information to calculate or estimate the amount, and will also advise the employer that the delinquency will be referred for collection (along with collection of liquidated damages) if the remittance or other satisfactory response is not received by a specified date.
 2. If the Fund receives a report but the employer's remittance is less than the required amount the Fund will send a written or electronic bill for the discrepancy to the employer, demanding that the employer remit the amount that remains unpaid and all accrued interest. The Fund will advise the employer that the discrepancy will be referred for collection (along with collection of liquidated damages) if the unpaid amount is not received by a specified date.
- B. Late Remittances.** If the Fund receives the full amount that an employer owes to the Fund but the remittance is received after the applicable date identified in **III.A**, the Fund shall assess interest on the amount that was paid late, calculated beginning with the applicable date specified in **III.A**. A written or electronic notice will be sent to the employer after the Fund has determined that the payment was late. The notice will demand payment of interest and will advise the employer that the delinquency will be referred for collection if the full amount owed for interest is not received by a specified date.
- C. Late Reports.** If an employer makes a timely remittance of the full amount that it owes to the Fund but the Fund receives the remittance report after the applicable due date identified in **I**, the Fund shall assess an administrative fee of \$300, which is a reasonable estimate of the costs incurred by the Fund in processing a remittance without the appropriate report. A written or electronic notice will be sent to the employer after the Fund has determined that the report was late, demanding payment of the administrative fee by a specified date.
- D. Incomplete Reports.** If an employer provides a remittance report to the Fund that omits necessary information, the Fund shall send a written or electronic notice to the employer demanding that the employer supply the missing information within 10 days. The Fund will also advise the employer that an administrative fee of \$300 will be assessed if the employer submits three incomplete reports within any period of 12 consecutive months. The amount of \$300 is a reasonable estimate of the costs incurred by the Fund in processing incomplete reports.
- E. Rejected ACH or Dishonored Checks, etc.** If a check provided by an employer in payment of required amounts is dishonored by the employer's bank, or an ACH or other money transfer demand is not paid, the Fund will not redeposit the check but will notify the employer and demand payment. That notice will advise the employer of the amount of the dishonored check or rejected transfer, will demand payment of the amount of the check or rejected transfer, any bank fee charged to the Fund, and interest, calculated on the amount of the check or transfer beginning

on the applicable date specified in **III**. The notice will advise the employer that the delinquency will be referred for collection if the unpaid amount is not received within 5 days after the date of the notice.

VI. Overpayments

A. General principle. As a matter of general policy, the Board of Trustees will not credit or refund overpayments to an employer if the overpayments were associated with a reporting error that has caused one or more Funds to provide benefits to a person who was not eligible to receive them, if the reporting error is likely to cause benefits to be paid to such an ineligible person in spite of reasonable administrative efforts to correct the error, or if a credit or refund otherwise would cause actuarial harm to one or more Funds.

B. Procedure for Credit or Refund.

- 1. Employer request.** An employer may request a refund of amounts that it has overpaid by identifying the amount and date of the overpayment in writing to the Funds and by providing any additional information that the Funds request to verify that the amount was an overpayment.
- 2. Time for making request.** Such a request must be made within two years after the date on which the overpayment was remitted to the Funds. This time limit shall not prevent the Funds from voluntarily correcting an overpayment that has been discovered and verified through means other than the employer's request (including, for example, upon audit)
- 3. Employers that have an outstanding delinquency.** If an employer that has an outstanding delinquency (including any accumulated interest, liquidated damages, costs of collection, and all amounts described in **V**) requests or is found to be due a refund of overpaid contributions, the Funds will apply any such refund to the outstanding delinquency. If any amount remains after the full amount of the delinquency is satisfied, that amount will be credited or paid as provided in **4** and **5**.
- 4. Small overpayments.** Except as provided in **XI.A** or **B.3**, if a verified overpayment is not more than 10% of the employer's regular remittance amount (whether monthly or quarterly) and not more than \$5,000, the Funds will credit the amount of the overpayment against a future remittance and will notify the employer of this credit.
- 5. Large overpayments.** Except as provided in **XI. A** or **B.3**, if a verified overpayment is more than either \$5,000 or 10% of the employer's regular remittance amount, the Funds will notify the employer of the overpayment and offer the employer a cash refund or credit against a future remittance, at the employer's option. If the employer does not make a timely election, the Funds will credit the overpayment against the employer's future remittance obligations and will notify the employer of this credit.

VII. Acceleration or omission of collection procedures.

A. No employer shall be entitled to defend an enforcement action on the ground that any step in the Fund's collection process has been accelerated or omitted.